

OFFICIAL NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde Equality Impact Assessment Tool

Name of Policy/Service Review/Service Development/Service Redesign/New Service:

Equality Impact Assessment is a legal requirement as set out in the Equality Act (2010) and the Equality Act 2010 (Specific Duties)(Scotland) regulations 2012 and may be used as evidence for cases referred for further investigation for compliance issues. Evidence returned should also align to Specific Outcomes as stated in your local Equality Outcomes Report. Please note that prior to starting an EQIA all Lead Reviewers are required to attend a Lead Reviewer training session or arrange to meet with a member of the Equality and Human Rights Team to discuss the process. Please contact Equality@ggc.scot.nhs.uk for further details or call 0141 2014560.

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Psychosis Clinical Information Service Data Team : Closure of Service
Is this a: Current Service 🗌 Service Development 🗌 🛮 Service Redesign 🗌 New Service 🗌 New Policy 🔲 Policy Review 🗌
Description of the service & rationale for selection for EQIA: (Please state if this is part of a Board-wide service or is locally driven).
This EQIA aligns with the IJB Financial Allocations and Budgets 2024-25 paper, being presented to IJB members in May 2024.
This is a small team of nursing and admin staff who work across the mental health system and primary care (GP practices) to ensure that critical patient data is accurate and correctly correlated in both information systems. This applies to diagnosis and medication – especially where there is a need for monitoring of high dose medications or other medications where there are associated metabolic risks. The service ensures that patients are flagged and none 'fall between two stools'. There is a benefit of the creation of accurate datasets for research and planning purposes.
The service is one that could be described as 'under the radar' for many practitioners as the service operates in the background to keep patient data accurate. It has been in place for many years and has improved data accuracy from very poor levels of around 50% - 70% to close on 100% - and has maintained these levels. Closure of the service is likely to impact on the improved accuracy levels. It is challenging to predict the longer term impact on services and the potential for error in patient data.
The remit of the team is as outlined below, closure of the service has potential to impact on patient care as no other system monitors in the same in-depth detail. • Audit examining reasons behind referral closures for patients on the system.
Reconciliation of PsyCIS register with GP held registers for patients with schizophrenia, bipolar affective disorder and other psychoses.
Audit of care for patients where the cause of death was not ascertained. Assists of RMO Mill with an audit of assertion as with the NHIO CORO High Reas Autinovelyatic Children Assists of RMO Mill with an audit of assertion as with the NHIO CORO High Reas Autinovelyatic Children
Assisted PMG-MH with an audit of compliance with the NHS GG&C High Dose Antipsychotic Guidelines.
• Alerted caseload holders as to their patients prescribed Citalopram in conjunction with an antipsychotic as per clinical practice change due QTc prolongation cardiac risk.
 Assisted PMG-MH to alert medical staff of women of childbearing potential under their care who were prescribed Valproate Salts, with follow up actions in line with updated guidance.

Numerous data requests to support local audits at teams including planning of physical health check clinics in line with patients on PsyCIS not currently on GP QOF

psychosis registers.

This service directly supports people with significant mental health conditions. PsyCIS produce a high level of information around the clinical and demographic information recorded against each patient. Information recorded regarding risk, clinical circumstances, demographics, filterable medications to quickly identify all patients on case load on any particular psychotropic drug, top 5 prescribed medications on single line, antipsychotic prescribing and if above BNF maximum daily dose including percentage over. Information on medication side effects and what drugs have been stopped. Care input from additional services and if physical health check has been carried out and where done. With the closure of this service there is risk that these areas may not be met as compliance is audited by PsyCIS.

This proposal includes a reduction of 4.2 FTE. Potential equality impacts would relate to the workforce profile. Glasgow City HSCP NHS staff are predominantly; Female (84%), 51% are aged 30 – 49 years and 33% and are aged 50 – 64 years. It is anticipated that the reduction will aim to be achieved through natural attrition or redeployment. An impact assessment is required to further consider what impacts there would be on staff, if any, and mitigate where possible. In line with business as usual, this will include the organisational change process with staff side. If this proposal is approved, there will be normal continued consultation with Unions as proposals are developed and implemented. Any appropriate workplace supports for any changes in roles or responsibilities will be identified and given further consideration where required.

It is recognised there are also implications wider than Glasgow Community Mental Health Teams as reports are also provided to Homeless Mental Health, First Clyde Leven Valley, Riverview Resource Centre, Helensburgh, Forensic CMHT's, Renfrewshire CMHT's, Inverclyde and Paisley CMHT's.

Given the stage of this programme of work, this EQIA can only provide a general overview. Where specific proposals emerge from the programme, a more tailored EQIA will be produced.

Who is the lead reviewer and when did they attend Lead reviewer Training? (Please note the lead reviewer must be someone in a position to authorise any actions identified as a result of the EQIA)

Name: Tracy Buchanan	Date of Lead Reviewer Training:
Service Manager Adult Community Mental Health	

Please list the staff involved in carrying out this EQIA

(Where non-NHS staff are involved e.g. third sector reps or patients, please record their organisation or reason for inclusion):

		Example	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
1.	What equalities information is routinely collected from people currently using the service or affected by the policy? If this is a new service proposal what data do you have on proposed service user groups. Please note any barriers to collecting this data in your submitted evidence and an explanation for any protected characteristic data omitted.	A sexual health service collects service user data covering all 9 protected characteristics to enable them to monitor patterns of use.	Equalities information is collected across equality groups, In addition information is collected relating to; risk, clinical circumstances, filterable medications to quickly identify all patients on case load on any particular psychotropic drug, top 5 prescribed medications on single line, antipsychotic prescribing and if above BNF maximum daily dose including percentage over. Information on medication side effects and what drugs have been stopped. Equality data captured and reported includes; Sex Ethnicity Marriage/Civil Partnership Female age ranges Male age ranges Severity of illness SIMD Decile	Closure of the service is likely to impact on the improved accuracy levels. It is challenging to predict the longer term impact on services and the potential for error in patient data. With the closure of this service there is risk that these areas may not be met as compliance is audited by PsyCIS. Currently no other system monitors in the same in-depth detail, further work is required to explore opportunities for mitigation.
		Example	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
2.	Please provide details of how data captured has been/will be used to inform policy content or service design. Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant	A physical activity programme for people with long term conditions reviewed service user data and found very low uptake by BME (Black and Minority Ethnic) people. Engagement activity found promotional material for	PsyCIS produce a high level of information around the all the clinical and demographic information recorded against each patient. Reports are sent every 2 months to lead medics and wider team if appropriate. Broken down to individual medics and team. Including collated PsyCIS data for their patients and is compared with the combined team data and the Health Board area. Also patient identifiable information for the caseload holder on all patients on their caseload.	Closure of the service is likely to impact on the improved accuracy levels. It is challenging to predict the longer term impact on services and the potential for error in patient data. With the closure of this service there is risk that these areas may not be met as compliance is audited by PsyCIS.

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	boxes).	the interventions was not		Currently no other system monitors in
	A) Damasa dia miminatian	representative. As a	Information recorded regarding risk, clinical circumstances,	the same in-depth detail, further work
	1) Remove discrimination,	result an adapted range	demographics, filterable medications to quickly identify all	is required to explore opportunities
	harassment and	of materials were	patients on case load on any particular psychotropic drug, top 5	for mitigation.
	victimisation	introduced with ongoing	prescribed medications on single line, antipsychotic prescribing	
		monitoring of uptake.	and if above BNF maximum daily dose including percentage	
	2) Promote equality of	(Due regard promoting	over. Information on medication side effects and what drugs	
	opportunity	equality of opportunity)	have been stopped. Care input from additional services and if	
	2) Factor wood relations		physical health check has been carried out and where done.	
	3) Foster good relations			
	between protected		Equality related reporting includes;	
	characteristics.		Sex	
	4) Not applicable		Ethnicity	
	4) Not applicable		Marriage/Civil Partnership	
			Female age ranges	
			Male age ranges	
			Severity of illness	
			SIMD Decile	
		Evample	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and
		Example	Service Evidence Provided	Additional Mitigating Action
				Required
3.	How have you applied	Looked after and	The service is one that could be described as 'under the radar'	Closure of the service is likely to
	learning from research	accommodated care	for many practitioners as the service operates in the background	impact on the improved accuracy
	evidence about the	services reviewed a	to keep patient data accurate. It has been in place for many	levels. It is challenging to predict the
	experience of equality	range of research	years and has improved data accuracy from very poor levels of	longer term impact on services and
	groups to the service or	evidence to help promote	around 50% - 70% to close on 100% - and has maintained these	the potential for error in patient data.
	Policy?	a more inclusive care	levels. Closure of the service is likely to impact on the improved	With the closure of this service there
	_	environment. Research	accuracy levels.	is risk that these areas may not be
	Your evidence should show	suggested that young		met as compliance is audited by
	which of the 3 parts of the	LGBT+ people had a		PsyCIS.
	General Duty have been	disproportionately		-
	considered (tick relevant	difficult time through		Currently no other system monitors in
	boxes).	exposure to bullying and		the same in-depth detail, further work
	·	harassment. As a result		is required to explore opportunities
	1) Remove discrimination,	staff were trained in		for mitigation.

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	harassment and victimisation 2) Promote equality of opportunity 3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics 4) Not applicable	LGBT+ issues and were more confident in asking related questions to young people. (Due regard to removing discrimination, harassment and victimisation and fostering good relations).		
		Example	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
4.	Can you give details of how you have engaged with equality groups with regard to the service review or policy development? What did this engagement tell you about user experience and how was this information used? The Patient Experience and Public Involvement team (PEPI) support NHSGGC to listen and understand what matters to people and can offer support. Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant	A money advice service spoke to lone parents (predominantly women) to better understand barriers to accessing the service. Feedback included concerns about waiting times at the drop in service, made more difficult due to child care issues. As a result the service introduced a home visit and telephone service which significantly increased uptake. (Due regard to promoting equality of opportunity)	This service is not directly accessed by service user, no planned engagement with service users. Communication and engagement with Mental Health Services and Primary Care will be required to raise awareness of the closure of the service and implications.	Closure of the service is likely to impact on the improved accuracy levels. It is challenging to predict the longer term impact on services and the potential for error in patient data. With the closure of this service there is risk that these areas may not be met as compliance is audited by PsyCIS. Currently no other system monitors in the same in-depth detail, further work is required to explore opportunities for mitigation.

	boxes). 1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation 2) Promote equality of opportunity 3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics	* The Child Poverty (Scotland) Act 2017 requires organisations to take actions to reduce poverty for children in households at risk of low incomes.		
	4) Not applicable	Evample	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and
		Example	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
5.	Is your service physically accessible to everyone? If this is a policy that impacts on movement of service users through areas are there potential barriers that need to be addressed? Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes). 1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation	An access audit of an outpatient physiotherapy department found that users were required to negotiate 2 sets of heavy manual pull doors to access the service. A request was placed to have the doors retained by magnets that could deactivate in the event of a fire. (Due regard to remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation).	Service is not physically accessed by service user. If redeployment is required for the reduction in staff, accessibility needs of staff will be considered on a case by case basis.	

	opportunity 3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics. 4) Not applicable			
		Example	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
6.	How will the service change or policy development ensure it does not discriminate in the way it communicates with service users and staff? Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes). 1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation 2) Promote equality of opportunity 3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics 4) Not applicable	Following a service review, an information video to explain new procedures was hosted on the organisation's YouTube site. This was accompanied by a BSL signer to explain service changes to Deaf service users. Written materials were offered in other languages and formats. (Due regard to remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation and promote equality of opportunity).	This proposal includes a reduction of 4.2 FTE. In line with business as usual, this will include the organisational change process with staff side. If this proposal is approved, there will be normal continued consultation with Unions as proposals are developed and implemented. Any appropriate workplace supports for any changes in roles or responsibilities will be identified and given further consideration where required. Communication and engagement with Mental Health Services and Primary Care will be required to raise awareness of the closure of the service and implications. Access to alternative languages and formats are available on request in line with the Clear for All Policy.	Troquitou

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	The British Sign Language (Scotland) Act 2017 aims to raise awareness of British Sign Language and improve access to services for those using the language. Specific attention should be paid in your evidence to show how the service review or policy has taken note of this.		
7	Protected Characteristic	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
(a)	Could the service design or policy content have a disproportionate impact on people due to differences in age? (Consider any age cut-offs that exist in the service design or policy content. You will need to objectively justify in the evidence section any segregation on the grounds of age promoted by the policy or included in the service design). Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes). 1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation	Female age ranges: 16 to 19 years – 0% 20 to 24 years – 0.5% 25 to 29 years – 2.2% 30 to 44 years – 19.8% 45 to 59 years – 41.2% 60 to 64 years – 18.2% 65 to 74 years – 16.3% 75 years and over – 1.8% Male age ranges: 16 to 19 years – 0% 20 to 24 years – 1.1% 25 to 29 years – 3.1% 30 to 44 years – 25.4% 45 to 59 years – 43.5%	There is an expectation that GP's are responsible for updating their system if they are notified of any medications prescribed by CMHT's. If this is not done then there is a risk for those who may be prescribed another antipsychotic. Closure of the service is likely to impact on the improved accuracy levels. It is challenging to predict the longer term impact on services and the potential for error in patient data. With the closure of this service there is risk that these areas may not be met as compliance is audited by

	2) Promote equality of opportunity	60 to 64 years – 14.1% 65 to 74 years - 11.7%	PsyCIS.
	3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics. 4) Not applicable	75 years and over – 1.2% Majority of patients are aged 45 to 59 years. This proposal includes a reduction of 4.2 FTE. Potential equality impacts would relate to the workforce profile. Glasgow City HSCP NHS staff are predominantly aged 30 – 49 years and 33% and are aged 50 – 64 years.	Currently no other system monitors in the same in-depth detail, further work is required to explore opportunities for mitigation. The service does not replace the role of the Community Mental Health Team in monitoring patients' conditions and treatment but is a supplementary to service planning and delivery. Medical staff who prescribe the medication will continue to be vigilant when reviewing them.
(b)	Disability Could the service design or policy content have a disproportionate impact on people due to the protected characteristic of disability? Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the	This service directly supports people with significant mental health conditions. PsyCIS produce a high level of information around the clinical and demographic information recorded against each patient. Information recorded regarding risk, clinical circumstances, demographics, filterable medications to guickly identify all	Closure of the service is likely to impact on the improved accuracy levels. It is challenging to predict the longer term impact on services and the potential for error in patient data. With the closure of this service there is risk that these areas may not be
	General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes).	patients on case load on any particular psychotropic drug, top 5 prescribed medications on single line, antipsychotic prescribing and if above BNF maximum daily dose including percentage	met as compliance is audited by PsyCIS.
	1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation	over. Information on medication side effects and what drugs have been stopped. Care input from additional services and if physical health check has been carried out and where done.	Currently no other system monitors in the same in-depth detail, further work is required to explore opportunities
	2) Promote equality of opportunity	With the closure of this service there is risk that these areas may	for mitigation. The service does not replace the role of the Community
	3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics.	not be met as compliance is audited by PsyCIS.	Mental Health Team in monitoring patients' conditions and treatment but
	4) Not applicable	People with additional disabilities may be receiving support from this services, and would be impacted by poorer accuracy levels. In particular people with long term conditions are more likely to	is a supplementary to service planning and delivery. Medical staff who prescribe the medication will

		be in receipt of other medications.	continue to be vigilant when reviewing them.
	Protected Characteristic	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
(c)	Could the service change or policy have a disproportionate impact on people with the protected characteristic of Gender Reassignment? Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes). 1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation 2) Promote equality of opportunity 3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics	No specific impact identified. Although people from this protected group may be receiving support from this services.	
	Protected Characteristic	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action
(d)	Marriage and Civil Partnership Could the service change or policy have a disproportionate impact on the people with the protected characteristics of Marriage and Civil Partnership?	No specific impact identified. Although people from this protected group may be receiving support from this services. Patient Profile Civil Partnership – 0.3% Divorced – 10.5% Married – 14.9%	Required

	Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes). 1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation 2) Promote equality of opportunity 3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics 4) Not applicable	Not specified - 0 Other - 5.9% Separated - 5.6% Single - 60.2% Widower - 2.7%	
(e)	Could the service change or policy have a disproportionate impact on the people with the protected characteristics of Pregnancy and Maternity? Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes). 1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation 2) Promote equality of opportunity 3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics.	No specific impact identified. Although people from this protected group may be receiving support from this services.	
	Protected Characteristic	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and

			Additional Mitigating Action Required
(f)	Race	No specific impact identified. Although people from this protected group may be receiving support from this services.	
	Could the service change or policy have a disproportionate impact on people with the protected characteristics of Race?	Patient Profile Ethnic Minority – 8.5% White – 91.5%	
	Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes).		
	1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation		
	2) Promote equality of opportunity		
	3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics		
	4) Not applicable		
(g)	Religion and Belief	No specific impact identified. Although people from this protected group may be receiving support from this services.	
	Could the service change or policy have a disproportionate impact on the people with the protected characteristic of Religion and Belief?		
	Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes).		
	1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation		
	2) Promote equality of opportunity		

	3) Foster good relations between protected		
	characteristics.		
	4) Not applicable		
	,		
	Protected Characteristic	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and
			Additional Mitigating Action
			Required
(h)	Sex	This proposal includes a reduction of 4.2 FTE. Potential equality	Closure of the service is likely to
(''')		impacts would relate to the workforce profile. Glasgow City	impact on the improved accuracy
	Could the convice change or policy have a	HSCP NHS staff are predominantly Female (84%).	, ,
	Could the service change or policy have a		levels. It is challenging to predict the
	disproportionate impact on the people with the		longer term impact on services and
	protected characteristic of Sex?	As part of the service provided, the team highlights childbearing	the potential for error in patient data.
		women prescribed Valproate Salts, with follow up actions in line	With the closure of this service there
	Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the	with updated guidance. To ensure safe practice.	is risk that these areas may not be
	General Duty have been considered (tick relevant		met as compliance is audited by
	boxes).	Patient profile	PsyCIS.
		Female – 43%	
	1) Remove discrimination, harassment and	Male – 57%	Currently no other system monitors in
	victimisation		the same in-depth detail, further work
			is required to explore opportunities
	2) Promote equality of opportunity		for mitigation. The service does not
	, , , , , , <u> </u>		replace the role of the Community
	3) Foster good relations between protected		Mental Health Team in monitoring
	characteristics.		
			patients' conditions and treatment but
	4) Not applicable		is a supplementary to service
			planning and delivery. Medical staff
			who prescribe the medication will
			continue to be vigilant when
			reviewing them.
(i)	Sexual Orientation	No specific impact identified. Although people from this	
` '		protected group may be receiving support from this services.	
	Could the service change or policy have a		
	disproportionate impact on the people with the		

	protected characteristic of Sexual Orientation?		
	Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes).		
	Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation		
	2) Promote equality of opportunity		
	3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics.		
	4) Not applicable		
	Protected Characteristic	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
(j)	Socio – Economic Status & Social Class	No specific impact identified. Although people from poorer socio economic backgrounds may be receiving support from this	•
	Could the proposed service change or policy have a	services.	
	disproportionate impact on people because of their social class or experience of poverty and what		
	mitigating action have you taken/planned?		
	The Fairer Scotland Duty (2018) places a duty on public		
	bodies in Scotland to actively consider how they can		
	reduce inequalities of outcome caused by socioeconomic disadvantage when making strategic		
	decisions. If relevant, you should evidence here what		
	steps have been taken to assess and mitigate risk of		
	exacerbating inequality on the ground of socio-		
	economic status. Additional information available		
	here: Fairer Scotland Duty: guidance for public bodies		
	- gov.scot (www.gov.scot)		

Seven useful questions to consider when seeking to demonstrate 'due regard' in relation to the Duty:

- 1. What evidence has been considered in preparing for the decision, and are there any gaps in the evidence?
- 2. What are the voices of people and communities telling us, and how has this been determined (particularly those with lived experience of socioeconomic disadvantage)?
- 3. What does the evidence suggest about the actual or likely impacts of different options or measures on inequalities of outcome that are associated with socioeconomic disadvantage?
- 4. Are some communities of interest or communities of place more affected by disadvantage in this case than others?
- 5. What does our Duty assessment tell us about socioeconomic disadvantage experienced disproportionately according to sex, race, disability and other protected characteristics that we may need to factor into our decisions?
- 6. How has the evidence been weighed up in reaching our final decision?
- 7. What plans are in place to monitor or evaluate the impact of the proposals on inequalities of outcome that are associated with socio-economic disadvantage? 'Making Fair Financial Decisions' (EHRC, 2019)21 provides useful information about the 'Brown Principles' which can be used to determine whether due regard has been given. When engaging with communities the National Standards for Community Engagement22 should be followed. Those engaged with should also be advised subsequently on how their contributions were factored

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	into the final decision.		
(k)	Other marginalised groups How have you considered the specific impact on other groups including homeless people, prisoners and exoffenders, ex-service personnel, people with addictions, people involved in prostitution, asylum seekers & refugees and travellers?	No specific impact identified. Although people from marginalised groups may be receiving support from this services. It is recognised that homeless people and ex service personnel are more likely to also have mental health conditions.	
8.	Does the service change or policy development include an element of cost savings? How have you managed this in a way that will not disproportionately impact on protected characteristic groups? Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes). 1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation 2) Promote equality of opportunity 3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics.	This EQIA aligns with the IJB Financial Allocations and Budgets 2024-25 paper, being presented to IJB members in May 2024. Closure of the service is likely to impact on the improved accuracy levels. It is challenging to predict the longer term impact on services and the potential for error in patient data. With the closure of this service there is risk that these areas may not be met as compliance is audited by PsyCIS. Currently no other system monitors in the same in-depth detail, further work is required to explore opportunities for mitigation.	Currently no other system monitors in the same in-depth detail, further work is required to explore opportunities for mitigation. The service does not replace the role of the Community Mental Health Team in monitoring patients' conditions and treatment but is a supplementary to service planning and delivery. Medical staff who prescribe the medication will continue to be vigilant when reviewing them.

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		Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
9.	What investment in learning has been made to prevent discrimination, promote equality of opportunity and foster good relations between protected characteristic groups? As a minimum include recorded completion rates of statutory and mandatory learning programmes (or local equivalent) covering equality, diversity and human rights.	All staff are encouraged to complete equality and human rights training, available on Learnpro and TURAS.	

10. In addition to understanding and responding to legal responsibilities set out in Equality Act (2010), services must pay due regard to ensure a person's human rights are protected in all aspects of health and social care provision. This may be more obvious in some areas than others. For instance, mental health inpatient care or older people's residential care may be considered higher risk in terms of potential human rights breach due to potential removal of liberty, seclusion or application of restraint. However risk may also involve fundamental gaps like not providing access to communication support, not involving patients/service users in decisions relating to their care, making decisions that infringe the rights of carers to participate in society or not respecting someone's right to dignity or privacy.

The Human Rights Act sets out rights in a series of articles – right to Life, right to freedom from torture and inhumane and degrading treatment, freedom from slavery and forced labour, right to liberty and security, right to a fair trial, no punishment without law, right to respect for private and family life, right to freedom of thought, belief and religion, right to freedom of expression, right to freedom of assembly and association, right to marry, right to protection from discrimination.

Please explain in the field below if any risks in relation to the service design or policy were identified which could impact on the human rights of patients, service users or staff.

Please explain in the field below any human rights based approaches undertaken to better understand rights and responsibilities resulting from the service or policy development and what measures have been taken as a result e.g. applying the PANEL Principles to maximise Participation, Accountability, Non-discrimination and Equality, Empowerment and Legality or FAIR*.

- Facts: What is the experience of the individuals involved and what are the important facts to understand?
- Analyse rights: Develop an analysis of the human rights at stake
 Identify responsibilities: Identify what needs to be done and who is responsible for doing it
- Review actions: Make recommendations for action and later recall and evaluate what has happened as a result.

-	g completed the EQIA template, please tick which option you (Lead Reviewer) perceive best reflects the findings of the assessment. This can be cross-checked Quality Assurance process:
	Option 1: No major change (where no impact or potential for improvement is found, no action is required)
	Option 2: Adjust (where a potential or actual negative impact or potential for a more positive impact is found, make changes to mitigate risks or make improvements)
	Option 3: Continue (where a potential or actual negative impact or potential for a more positive impact is found but a decision not to make a change can be objectively justified, continue without making changes)
	Option 4: Stop and remove (where a serious risk of negative impact is found, the plans, policies etc. being assessed should be halted until these issues can be addressed)

on sexual orientation, fai	th etc please use	nething that 'stands out' as an example of goo e the box below to describe the activity and the elopments in their own services.		
Actions – from the additional m summarise the actions this serv		quirements boxes completed above, please forward.	Date for completion	Who is responsible?(initials)
			<u>'</u>	
Ongoing 6 Monthly Review pl	lease write your 6 ı	monthly EQIA review date:		
Lead Reviewer: EQIA Sign Off:	Name Job Title Signature Date	Tracy Buchanan Service Manager Adult Community Mental He 26/04/24	ealth	
Quality Assurance Sign Off:	Name Job Title Signature Date	Alastair Low Planning Manager A Low 30/04/2024		



NHS GREATER GLASGOW AND CLYDE EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT TOOL MEETING THE NEEDS OF DIVERSE COMMUNITIES 6 MONTHLY REVIEW SHEET

Name of Policy/Current Service/Service Development/Service Redesign:

	Co	Completed	
	Date	Initial	
Action:			
Status:			
Action:			
Status:			
Action:			
Status:			
Action:			
ACIIOII.			
Status:	ad actions himblinhted in the animinal FOIA masses for this Occ	is a /Dalissy are	
Status: Please detail any outstanding activity with regard to require	ed actions highlighted in the original EQIA process for this Serv	rice/Policy an	
Status: Please detail any outstanding activity with regard to require reason for non-completion			
Status: Please detail any outstanding activity with regard to require reason for non-completion	To be C	Completed by	
Status: Please detail any outstanding activity with regard to require reason for non-completion Action:	To be C	Completed by	
Status:	To be C	Completed by	

		To be cor	npleted by
		Date	Initia
Action:			
Reason:			
Action:			
Reason:			
Please detail any discontinued actions that were origination:	nally planned and reasons:		
Reason:			
Action:			
Reason:			
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Please write your next 6-month review date			
Please write your next 6-month review date			